M1.
(a) snail
or
shrew
additional incorrect answer negates correct answer
(b) shrew
additional incorrect answer negates correct answer
(c) fewer shrews to eat them
(d) population
(e) $\mathbf{C}$
(f) $(11000 \times 0.1=)$ 1100 (kJ)
(g) the snails do not eat the roots of the lettuces
(h) any one from:

- light (intensity)
- temperature
- moisture (levels)
- soil pH
- mineral / ion content (of soil)
- wind intensity / speed
ignore wind direction
- carbon dioxide (levels)
- oxygen (levels)

M2. (a) large area
allow thin / large / big / flat / light allow adaptations that cannot be seen eg internal air spaces
(b) (shape means that) snow falls off
(c) protect / stop it being eaten
(d) stores/ absorbs water (from other parts of the plant)
ignore absorbs water from soil / air ignore nutrients

M3.
(a) answer to be marked as a whole
has thorns / prickles / points accept sharp points
(these) hurt animal
allow frighten animal
only accept prevent animal eating leaves if qualified by 'hurting' or 'frightening'
(b) answer to be marked as a whole
camouflaged / looks like twig / disguised allow blends in ignore too small to see
(animal) cannot see / detect / recognise it allow animal does not eat twigs only accept prevents animal eating it if qualified by 'seeing' or 'wrong food'
(c) answer to be marked as a whole
red / colour
warns that insect might be poisonous / dangerous allow inedible / tastes bad

## M4. any three from:

ignore references to carbon cycle
accept digested / decomposed / broken down / rotted for decay throughout
ignore eating

- dead leaves / flowers / bluebells are decayed
- idea that microorganisms do the decaying accept microbes / bacteria / fungi / mould / decomposers for microorganisms
- minerals / ions / nutrients / named released (by decay / microorganisms)
not mineral ions unqualified
- (released) into soil or minerals / ions / nutrients taken up / in by (bluebell) roots (next year)
look for idea that minerals / ions / nutrients are in soil (eg released into soil or taken up from soil)

M5. (a) brown (colour)
(b) (long) ears
(c) (long) horns
(d) (white) ring

M6. (a) C
(b) $B$
(c) E
(d) D
(e) F

M7.(a) looks like a leaf
so predator less likely to / won't see it
allow 'camouflage' as alternative to either point
(b) (i) thorns (of acacia tree) hurt (predators)
allow idea that fewer animals / predators live in trees or ground living animals can't reach them (in the trees)
(ii) (giraffe) avoids being bitten by ants allow ants are poisonous / have unpleasant taste
(c) looks like / mimics a wasp or has warning colouration
so predators think it has a sting

(b) escape (predators)
accept faster than swimming
allow chase prey
allow it stops them from drowning
allow it stops them from drowning
(c) food
territory

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5.0-
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deduct one mark for each tick in excess of two

M9. (a) (i) any two from:
ignore oxygen / food / sun / carbon dioxide

- light
- water
- space
- nutrients / ions / minerals / named
accept two named minerals / ions for $\mathbf{2}$ marks
(ii) less competition for water
ignore space / light / food
or
more water / nutrients / minerals available
(b) camouflage / same shape as leaf / looks like a leaf allow 'blends in' ignore colour

M10.(a) an extremophile species
(b) (i) smaller ice area
allow smaller amount of ice allow less ice
(so) less habitat
allow fewer places to live / nest
(ii) either increase as more sea to live in
or
as less competition for food
or decrease
as less space (ice) to lay eggs
or
predators more likely to eat them
there is no mark for increase / decrease alone. The mark is for an appropriate reason linked to increase / decrease if increase / decrease not ringed the mark may be awarded if it is clear in the explanation which is intended
(c) Living organisms show long-term changes.

M11.(a) any three from:

- place $30-\mathrm{m}$ tape measure across field / from one wood to the other
- place quadrat(s) next to the tape
- count / record the number / amount of dandelions / plants in the quadrat ignore 'record the results'
ignore measures / estimates dandelions
- repeat every 2 metres
allow every metre / at regular intervals
(b) (i) low light / it is shady
allow no light
ignore sun / rays
or
not enough water / ions / nutrients
accept correct named ion
ignore no water / ions / nutrients
or
wrong pH of soil
accept competition with trees for light / water / ions
ignore competition for space and competition unqualified
accept soil too acidic / too alkaline
ignore temperature
(ii) sensible suggestion for a small area, eg chance variation / anomaly / poisoned by animal waste / wrong pH of soil / eaten (by animals) / cut down / footpath
(c) repeat (transect) / compare with the results of other groups
allow 'do it in two different locations' for 2 marks
at different / random location(s) / elsewhere (across the field)
do not allow 'in other fields'

